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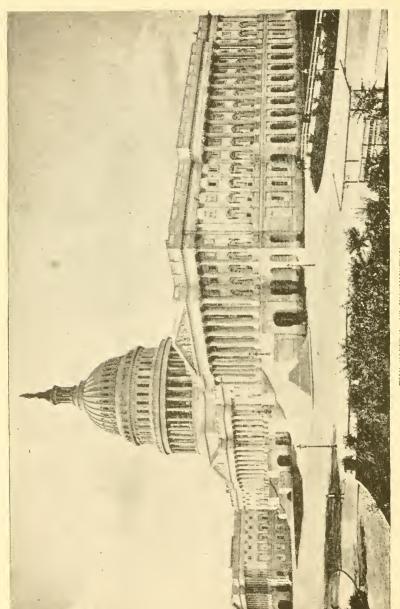












THE CAPITOL AT WASHINGTON,

# ILLUSTRATED STORY OF THE UNION IN RHYME

BY

ROBERT C. ADAMS

AUTHOR OF "THE HISTORY OF AMERICA" "THE HISTORY OF ENGLAND," ETC.

REVISED BY
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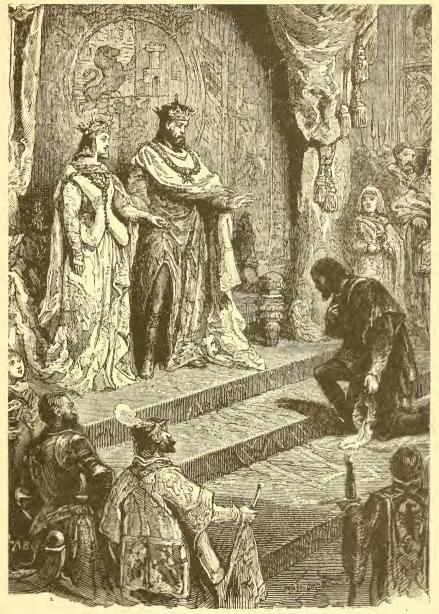
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COLUMBUS BEFORE FERDINAND AND ISABELLA.
Chrictopher Columbus, discoverer of America, born in Genoa 1435, died in Seville 1506.
Discovered San Salvador October 12, 1492.



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BALBOA AND THE PACIFIC.



#### PREFACE.

This History of the United States

'Tis not pretended higher rates

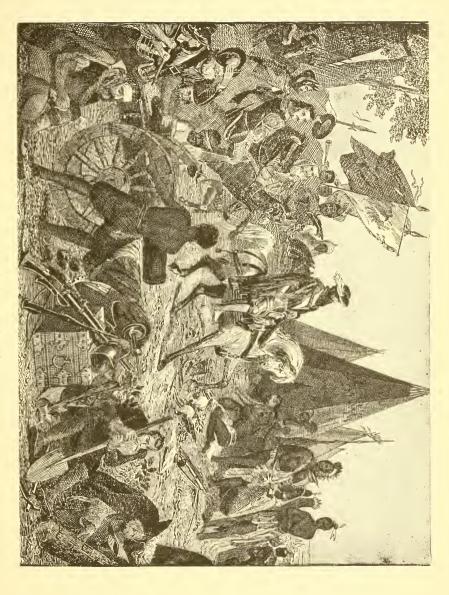
Than Bancroft, Barnes or Lossing!

But to the student pressed for time,

This condensation clothed in rhyme

'Tis hoped will prove a blessing.







## ILLUSTRATED STORY OF THE UNION IN RHYME.

#### DISCOVERIES.

About the year ten hundred two,
So Iceland's legends say,
Norwegians saw America
From Greenland to Cape May.
Four hundred years of silence came,
The Northmen's trips had ceased,
When Europe's enterprise sought out
The commerce of the East,
In Christopher Columbus' day,
A Genoese by birth,
Who, studying navigation, guessed
The roundness of the earth,

A. D. 1002.

19

And said that Asia might be reached By sailing to the West:

Spain's Ferdinand and Isabel Gave means to make the test.

They fitted out two caravels, Columbus bought a third,

Aug. 3, 1492. And sailed from Palos, in old Spain,
With sixscore men on board.

When seventy days of fruitless search
Had wearied out his crew,

Oct. 12, 1492. Columbus saw San Salvador In fourteen ninety-two.

When Cuba, San Domingo's shore,
And smaller isles were seen,

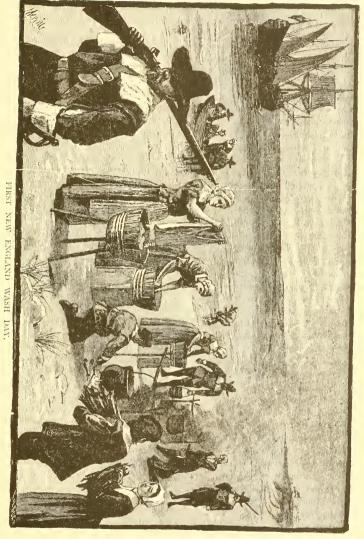
He carried back to Spain next year.

The tidings to the Queen.

John Cabot gained from Henry Seventh
A patent to explore,

And with his son Sebastian found

July 3, 1497. The coast of Labrador.





Sebastian fourteen ninety-eight

A second voyage made,

And searched to Carolina's shore,

For purposes of trade.

He afterwards found Hudson's Bay,

And when King Henry died,

For Spain he voyaged to Brazil,

And saw La Plata's tide.

Columbus Orinoco saw,

In fourteen ninety-eight,

But rivals sent him home in chains,

To gratify their hate.

The Queen released him, and he sailed

Once more the westward way,

But ere returning she had died And enemies held sway.

Columbus, suffering from neglect,

At Valladolid died;

His bones beneath Havana's soil, In Cuba, now abide. 1498.

1517.

1526.

Aug. 10, 1498.

May 20, 1506.

1499.

1504.

1500.

He made four voyages in all, Formed settlements abroad, But never knew the magnitude Of what he had explored. Discoveries were concealed by Spain, And jealous rivals hurled Such calumnies, Columbus lost The naming of a world. Americus Vespucius, A Florentine, made claim That he discovered the New World, And thus it bears his name, He sailed to South America In fourteen ninety-nine, And, five years later, made reports That favored his design. Cortereal, for Portugal, Six hundred miles or more Of North America explored,

And off to slavery bore



PURITANS AND INDIANS.



Some fifty of the Indians.

In this unholy strife,

Upon a second rash attempt,

He forfeited his life.

The Frenchmen came to Newfoundland

To fish, in fifteen four,

They named Cape Breton and explored The great St. Lawrence shore.

Some voyagers saw Yucatan,

And, fifteen hundred ten,

Balboa with a colony

Encamped at Darien.

In fifteen thirteen, he the great

Pacific Ocean spied,

And took possession for old Spain,

Of all its boundless tide.

Juan Ponce De Leon, fifteen twelve,
The Fount of Youth to gain,

Discovering Florida, was made

Its governor by Spain.

1501.

1504.

J- 1-

1510.

Sept. 29, 1513..

April 6, 1512.

But when he came to settle there,

The Indians defied

The Spaniards, who to Cuba fled,

Where Ponce de Leon died.

Then Cordova found Mexico:
Grijalva searched anew,

And Cortes conquered Mexico,
Pizarro took Peru.

De Ayllon, seeking Indian slaves,
From San Domingo sailed
To Carolina for his prey;

A second voyage failed.

John Verrazani sailed from France,
In fifteen twenty-three,
And leaving Carolina reached

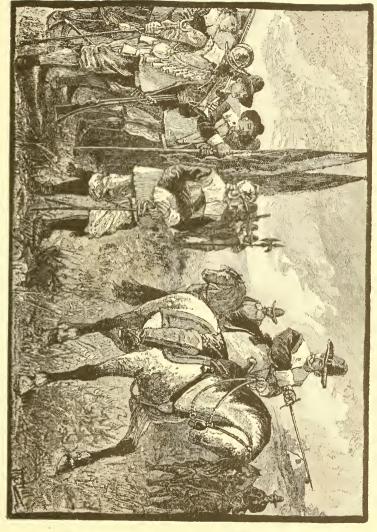
The fiftieth degree.

Narvaez went to Florida

New settlements to form;

In crazy boats he fled to sea,

And perished in a storm.



TRAINING-DAY ON BOSTON COMMON.



De Soto, Cuba's governor,

1530-41.

Came next with crowded ranks;

He marched three thousand miles, and died
On Mississippi's banks.

One half of his six hundred died,
The rest resolved to flee,
And, failing to escape by land,
Built boats and reached the sea.

Jacques Cartier, in thirty-four,
Two ships took out from France,
And made attempt in Canada
French glory to advance.

Next year he made a second trip,
And on St. Lawrence day,

And up its stream made way.

The vessels anchored at Quebec,
And, taking boats, he came

To Hochelaga's Isle, and gave

To Montreal its name.

Explored the Gulf that took this name

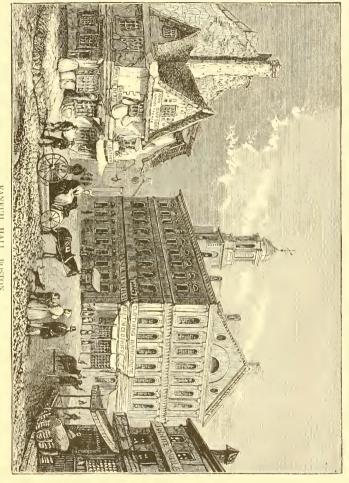
₹552.

Again, in fifteen forty-one, He voyaged to Quebec, 1541. And near the village built a fort, The Indians to check. He left ere Roberval appeared, Who, sent out by the King To act as viceroy, sailed again 1542. Disheartened, in the spring. Cabrillo, fifteen forty-two, 1542. Explored by Spain's command, From Acapulco, steering north, Along the Western land. Coligny, Admiral of France, A place of refuge gave To persecuted Huguenots Across the Atlantic wave. A squadron under Ribault sailed

A colony of twenty-six

Decided there to stay.

And reached Port Royal Bay;



"The Cradle of Liberty."



To honor Charles the Ninth, the land Was Carolina styled;

But failing to receive supplies, They left the Western wild.

Another expedition came,

Led by Laudonniere,

To the St. John's, in Florida, And built a fortress there.

This rousing Spanish jealousy,

Melendez brought a crew,

Who, settling at St. Augustine, Nine hundred Frenchmen slew.

A fiery Gascon named De Gourges, In anger crossed the seas,

Secured two hundred prisoners

And hung them to the trees.

He fled, and Spain retained the land; St. Augustine thus rates

The oldest town existing now

Within the United States.

1564.

1565.

To reach East Indian trade,
Three unsuccessful voyages
By Frobisher were made.

Passed California's coast;

And John de Fuca, later on,

Still further search could boast.

Sir Humphrey Gilbert for his queen

Made claim to Newfoundland;

His little vessel of ten tons

Went down with all its band.

Then Walter Raleigh for himself, With patents to explore,

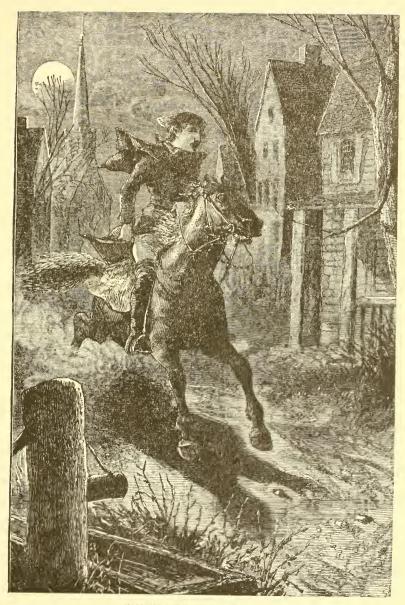
Sent Amidas and Barlow out
To Carolina's shore

The land was called Virginia

By England's virgin queen,

And Raleigh, knighted, sent more ships

To settle his demesne.



FAMOUS RIDE OF PAUL REVERE.



- Sir Richard Grenville led the fleet And founded Roanoke;
- 1585.

1587.

But Indian hostility

They managed to provoke,

And after suffering much distress,

Were eager to forsake

The colony, and go on board

The ships of Francis Drake.

They scarce had sailed when ships arrived With bountiful supplies;

And Grenville landed fifteen men
To hold the enterprise.

Then Raleigh sent more emigrants
With Governor White, who found

The bones of all the fifteen men Exposed upon the ground.

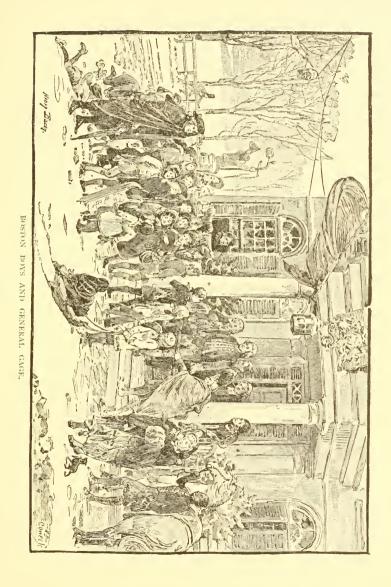
Returning home to get supplies, He left a hundred there,

Among whom was the first born child They called Virginia Dare.

Three years elapsed before John White 1500. The settlement regained; The colony had disappeared, No vestige then remained. Sir Walter sent five different times, But never found a trace: 'Tis thought they joined the Indians, And mingled with their race. Gosnold, in sixteen hundred two, 1602. Explored and named Cape Cod; Then Martin Pring, and Weymouth next, 1603. Maine's territory trod. 1605.

#### VIRGINIA.

The chartered London Company,
A settlement to form,
Sent Newport out to Roanoke,
But, driven by a storm,
He found the Bay of Chesapeake,
Up the James River came,





May twenty-third, in sixteen seven; May 23, 1607.

Thus Jamestown took its name.

Gosnold, projector of the plan,

And half the settlers died;

The rulers proving weak and bad, John Smith was wisely tried.

He organized the colony,

But, travelling through the lands,

Was captured, and two men were slain By savage Indian bands.

Condemned to die, his life was saved By Pocahontas' love,

Who, clinging to his neck, detained The clubs that swung above.

The settlement was reinforced

With idle gentlemen;

An accident made Smith go home;

Disaster followed then;

And as the starving colonists

Were sailing far away,

## Illustrated Story of the Union in Rhyme.

-11

1610.

Lord Delaware with full supplies
Arrived within the bay.

Then Gates came out with working men,
Prosperity returned;

Fair Pocahontas married Rolfe;
Powhatan's love was earned.

By emigration every year,
The State was firmly planted;

King James, in sixteen twenty-one,
A constitution granted.

# NEW ENGLAND - MASSACHUSETTS.

The Plymouth Company resolved

New lands abroad to gain;

An unsuccessful settlement

George Popham made in Maine.

In sixteen fourteen, brave John Smith

The region well explored,

And, naming it New England, sailed

To spread its fame abroad.



Born 1732, died 1799. Commander-in-chief of the Colonial Forces, War of Independence.

Elected first President of the United States 1789.



1608.

He came to form a colony
With sixteen men next year,

But, captured by French pirates, lost

His ship and all its gear.

The persecuted Puritans

Away from England fled;

John Robinson, in sixteen eight,

His faithful followers led

To Leyden, where they formed a church

And heard Dutch sailors tell

Of favored lands across the sea,

Where they in peace might dwell.

An embassy, to England sent, Got leave to colonize,

And London merchants furnished means

To purchase their supplies.

Although the Speedwell's courage failed,

The Mayflower spread her sails

At Plymouth, with a hundred souls,
And braved the Atlantic gales.

Sept. 6, 1620.

They sailed nine weeks and safely reached
The harbor of Cape Cod,

Rejoicing in a land that gave Freedom to worship God.

They gathered in the cabin there,

A constitution wrote,

And made John Carver governor, By universal vote.

They set their feet on Plymouth Rock, December twenty-second,

In sixteen twenty; from this date

The settlement is reckoned.

The governor and nearly half
Of all the little nation,

Ere summer came had lost their lives
Through sickness and privation.

Their hopes were dull, when Samoset,
An Indian chief, appeared,

And shouting, "Welcome, Englishmen!"
Their drooping spirits cheered.



THE MINUIE MEN.



A treaty, formed with Massassoit, For fifty years was kept;

And Bradford thirty years was made The ruler's place to accept.

A colony, at Weymouth formed, Aroused the Indian foe;

Miles Standish to the rescue came

In time to avert the blow.

John Endicott, with five score men,

To Salem came to stay,

And there he formed the colony Of Massachusetts Bay.

Next year "three godly ministers"

Two hundred settlers brought

From England, and on Charlestown Neck
A residence they sought.

John Winthrop fifteen hundred brought,
In sixteen hundred thirty,

And Boston, with its neighboring towns,
Was settled by this party.

1630.

1623.

1628.

1629.

Three thousand settlers came one year,
Among them Henry Vane,

Who served a year as governor And sailed for home again.

The Puritans most highly prized

The freedom they had bought,

But yet devied to other men

But yet denied to other men
The liberty of thought.

In Salem, Roger Williams preached
That rulers had no right
To dictate in religious things,

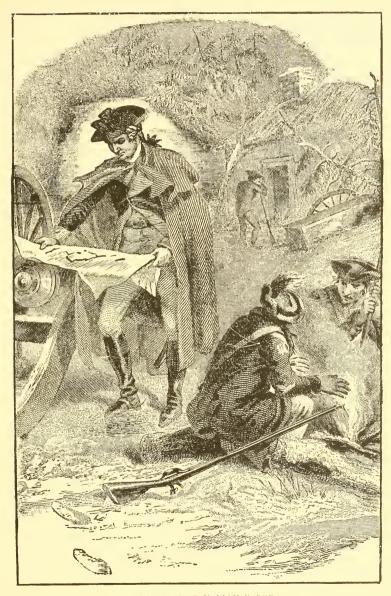
Man's conscience is his light.

1635. He, banished, fled to wintry wilds
Where savages abounded;

Canonicus then gave him land;
Rhode Island thus was founded.

Anne Hutchinson's peculiar creed Caused Boston much dissension;

1637. Imprisonment, then banishment,
Were meted by convention.



WASHINGTON AT VALLEY FORGE.



New England's colonies were joined, 1643. In sixteen forty-three, Except Rhode Island, which had failed With Plymouth to agree. Ten Quakers, who had crossed the sea, Were back to England shipped, 1656. But others came, and, for their faith, Were hanged, imprisoned, whipped. But when the persecutions ceased, 1661. The Quaker zeal was staid. And seconding John Eliot's work, They gave the Indians aid. Good Massassoit kept the peace; By English growth made sore, His son the friendly treaties broke, And waged King Philip's war. 1675. New England's fiercest Indian tribes This wrathful chieftain led. And fearful slaughter raged a year,

Till Church cut off his head.

Two judges, who condemned Charles First,
Were sheltered in the land;

From Charles the Second's hand.

It favored England in their trade,

And hindered foreign barter,

And Charles, to gain control, annulled
The Massachusetts charter.

James Second all New England's States
A royal province made;

The government to aid.

But when King James had lost his throne, This tyrant went to jail,

And Boston's patriots sent him home,
With fifty more, by sail.

In three years more Sir William Phipps
Was sent his place to fill;

New England's colonies remained A royal province still.



INDEPENDENCE HALL, PHILADELPHIA.

Place where the Declaration of Independence was signed July 4, 1776.



Belief in witchcraft cursed the land
In sixteen ninety-two;
Wise Cotton Mather and great men
Declared the doctrine true.
In Salem persecution raged,
In jail were hundreds flung,
By torture fifty-five confessed,
And twenty folks were hung.

### NEW YORK.

The Dutch sent Henry Hudson out,

Who came to New York Bay,

And up the river Hudson made

For sixty leagues his way.

In sixteen thirteen Adrian Block

First Hell Gate's passage made;

And many ships then came to seek

The fur and peltry trade.

The Dutch East India Company,

In sixteen twenty-three,

Sent thirty families of Walloons
With May across the sea.
These people were French Protestants
Who into Holland fled;

Eight families formed Albany,
The rest at Brooklyn stayed.

In twenty-six came Minuit,

Dutch power to augment;

The Indians sold Manhattan Isle, Ten acres for a cent.

Fierce warfare with the Indians Gave twenty years of care;

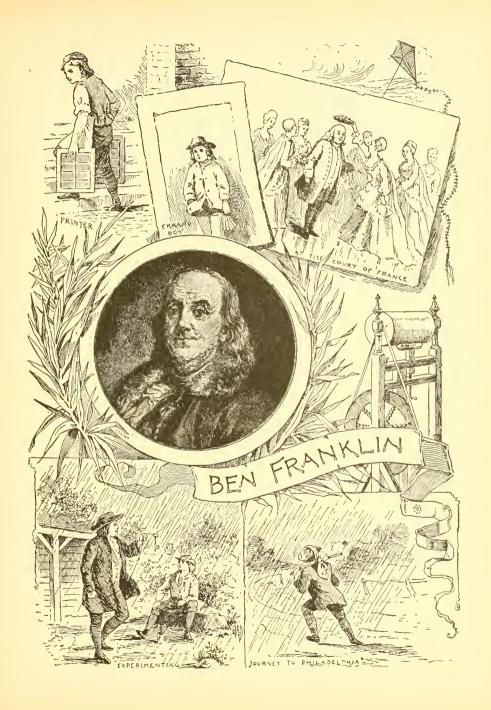
The Dutch by force of arms subdued

The Swedes of Delaware.

In sixteen sixty-four,

Demanding for the Duke of York
Surrender of the shore.

The Council yielded up the place Against Stuyvesant's pleas;





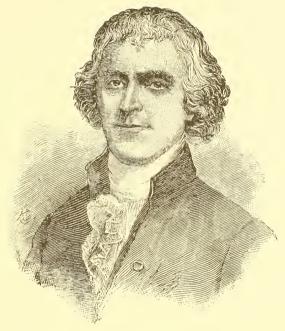
The English flag above New York	
Then floated on the breeze.	
The Dutch, in sixteen seventy-three,	1673.
Through treason gained the town;	
But gave it, after sixteen months,	
Again to England's crown.	
The tyranny of governors	
Made Leisler take the rule,	
Whom Sloughter most unjustly hung,	1691.
By liquor made a fool.	
Against West India pirate craft	
They sent out Captain Kidd,	1699,
Who hoisted up the pirate's flag,	
"And wickedly he did."	
In politics the Democrats	
Were led by Rip Van Dam,	r732.
And party strife, for many years,	
Kept passions in a flame.	
The people feared the "Negro Plot,"	1741.
To burn New York for gold,	

And nearly eighty colored folks

Were hanged, or burned, or sold.

### MARYLAND.

Lord Maryland secured a grant Beyond Potomac's shore; The persecuted Catholics, 1634. In sixteen thirty-four, From England to St. Mary's came In search of toleration, And Maryland was opened to 1635-45. The oppressed of every nation. Dissension came, and Clayborne twice Against the crown rebelled; The Protestants unjustly used The powers that they held. In civil wars and party strifes The time was largely spent, Until the fourth Lord Baltimore 1715. Secured the government.



THOMAS JEFFERSON.

Born 1743, died 1826, framed Declaration of Independence June 28, 1776, signed July 4, 1776, elected third President of the United States 1801.



# CONNECTICUT.

The river of Connecticut	
Was found by Adrian Block,	2614.
In sixteen fourteen, and the Dutch	
Its trading chances took.	
Earl Warwick got a grant of land,	1630.
Expressed in current notion,	
"From Narragansett River to	
The great Pacific Ocean."	
He soon transferred his interest	1631.
To Say-and-Seal and Brooke,	
Who towards the region's settlement	
Some active measures took.	
In sixteen hundred thirty-three	
Holmes' colony was made	1633.
At Windsor; Steele then brought a band	1635.
Who near to Hartford stayed.	
A hundred more, from Boston, joined	1636.
Their friends the following year,	

1638.

"The light of Western Churches" styled, Good Hooker gave them cheer.

John Winthrop built the Saybrook fort,

And made a colony there,

Determined that these fertile lands

The Dutchmen should not share.

The Pequod War distressed the land,

And thirty men were slain;

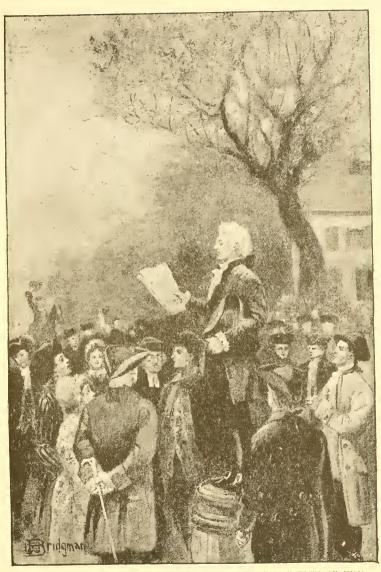
The Narragansetts were induced

As allies to remain

By Roger Williams, and they joined
The troops of Captain Mason,
Inflicting on the Pequod tribe
Complete extermination.

John Davenport, with London friends,
Arranged New Haven's site;
Church members were the only men
Who held the voter's right.

A Royal Charter was obtained
In sixteen sixty-two;



READING THE DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE ON THE FOURTH OF JULY.



The Colonies of Connecticut

A bond of union drew.

When Andros came with sixty men,

The charter to revoke,

Brave Captain Wadsworth hid it safe

Within the "charter oak."

### DELAWARE.

The Dutch came out to Delaware

In sixteen thirty-one,
But savages destroyed them all

Before a year was gone.

Then Swedes established colonies

In sixteen thirty-eight;
But Dutch and English finally,

Secured the little State.

# NEW JERSEY.

New Jersey's settlement was made

In sixteen sixty-four,

And Carteret and Berkeley both
The landed titles bore.

Of Quakers and of Penn,
Until in seventeen hundred two,
It joined the East again,
And both were subject to New York
Till seventeen thirty-eight,

When Governor Lewis Morris ruled
New Jersey separate.

#### THE CAROLINAS.

In sixteen sixty-three,

Secured the Carolina lands

From Charles the Second—free.

The colonies of Albemarle

And Carteret were formed;

To Charleston's genial settlement

Both Dutch and Huguenots swarmed.



JOHN QUINCY ADAMS.

Born 1767, died 1848, elected senator from Massachusetts 1803, appointed Minister to France,
Secretary of State 1817, Monroe Administration; President, 1825.



In seventeen hundred twenty-nine
A separation came;
Then Carolina, North and South,

The royal rule proclaim.

1729.

# PENNSYLVANIA.

Good William Penn, in eighty-two, 1682. Brought out a chartered right, And bargained fairly with the Swedes For Philadelphia's site. He paid respect to Indian tribes, And treated them as men: The Indians in turn resolved "To live in love with Penn." He went to England to reside 1684 In sixteen eighty-four, But came again in ninety-nine, -699. Remaining two years more. His heirs controlled the government Till revolution came;

1680.

The State of Pennsylvania
Then paid them for their claim.

#### GEORGIA.

In seventeen thirty-three,

And at Savannah formed a home,

Where debtors might be free.

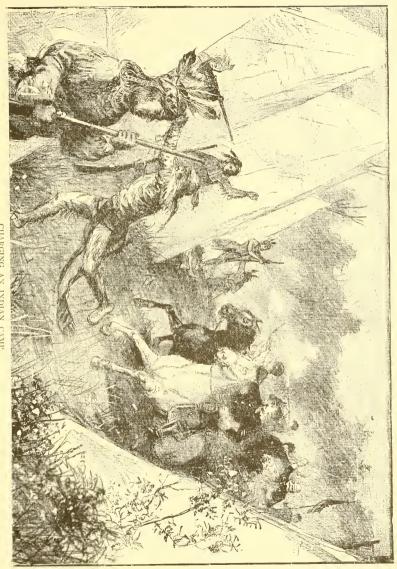
#### KING WILLIAM'S WAR.

King William's costly war with France
For seven years was waged,
Canadian, French, and Indian bands
The colonists enraged.

These foes attacked and burned;
The colonists were then aroused,
And warfare was returned.

Port Royal, in Acadia,

Was plundered by a fleet,



CHARGING AN INDIAN CAMP,



But forces sent to Canada Encountered sore defeat.

# QUEEN ANNE'S WAR.

Queen Anne's War made with France and Spain, 1702-In seventeen hundred two. Awoke the French and Indian Hostilities anew. The town of Deerfield was destroyed, 1704. And all the frontier flamed: Port Royal, by the colonists seized, Annapolis was named. 1710. South Carolina fruitlessly 1702. Attacked St. Augustine; A British fleet and troops were sent To Boston by the Queen, And led by Walker made attempt 171L Again to take Quebec:

Illustrated Story of the Union in Rhyme.

80

1744.

Eight ships were lost; nine hundred men All perished in the wreck.

#### KING GEORGE'S WAR.

For thirty years repose was had,

Till seventeen forty-four,

When France and England broke the peace

And caused King George's War.

The English captured Louisburg,

But gave it back again,

And failing to make boundaries,

Let cause of war remain.

#### FRENCH-INDIAN WAR AND REVOLUTION.

This brought the French and Indian War,
Disputed lands to gain,
Which sixteen million dollars cost,
And thirty thousand men.

Defeat was met at Fort du Quesne,
And Braddock lost his life;



"Down the hills of Angostura still the storm of battle rolls;
Blood is flowing, men are dying; God have mercy on their souls!"



George Washington then showed his skill,	
Retreating from the strife.	
In fifty-eight he led the attack	1758.
Retrieving this disgrace,	
And Pittsburg, named for William Pitt,	
Now stands upon the place.	
Crown Point, Ticonderoga, both	1759.
Were yielded by the foe,	
Niagara was then obtained	1759.
By Johnson and Prideaux.	
Acadia and Louisburg,	1757.
With all Cape Breton's isle,	
Were gained; and Wolfe secured Quebec,	1759.
Expiring with a smile.	
The Paris treaty closed the war,	1763.
In seventeen sixty-three,	
And England held the continent	
Across from sea to sea.	
The thirteen colonies progressed	
In wealth and population.	

1767.

Oppressions of the parent land Aroused their indignation.

Their manufactures were suppressed,
All foreign trade prevented,
And taxes laid by parliaments,
Where none were represented.
Their homes were searched by officers
With Writings of Assistance:
James Otis gave the trumpet call

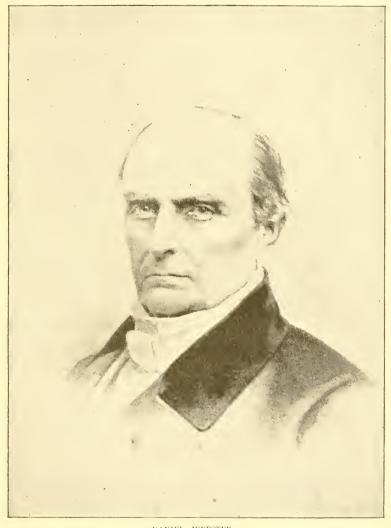
James Otis gave the trumpet call.

That roused the first resistance.

The Stamp Act stirred the populace,
And mobs defied the law;
The Sons of Liberty combined,
And home-made clothes they wore.
The English merchants losing trade,

Then William Pitt and Edmund Burke
Their love of right revealed.

On colors, paper, glass and tea New taxes soon were laid,



DANIEL WEBSTER.
Born 1782, Died 1852. Orator and Statesman.



And Boston had to tolerate

An English Board of Trade.

Then England sent some soldiers out,

And passed the Mutiny Act,

Which ordered colonists to provide

All things the soldiers lacked.

Two regiments, with General Gage,

On Boston town were quartered;

The State Street massacre took place; March 5, 1770-

Three citizens were slaughtered.

The rising of the populace

Filled England with alarm;

By taking duties off of goods,

She sought to undo the harm.

But just to keep the principle,

The tax was kept on tea,

And Boston's patriots emptied out

A portion in the sea.

Of Massachusetts, General Gage

The governor was made.

768.

Dec. 16, 1773.

1774.

The Boston Port Bill then was passed,
Which closed its foreign trade.

A Continental Congress held,
In seventeen seventy-four,
In Philadelphia, resolved

The English acts to ignore.

New York, Virginia, and the South Were filled with freedom's breath,

And echoed Patrick Henry's cry For liberty or death,

Eight hundred men were sent by Gage For arms at Concord stored:

The famous ride of Paul Revere Soon spread the news abroad.

April 19, 1775.

The minute men at Lexington,
Opposed the advancing host:
The British fired on the band,
And eight good lives were lost.
At Concord they destroyed the stores
And hastily returned,



BUNKER HILL MONUMENT, AT CHARLESTOWN, MASS.
Erected to commemorate the Battle of Bunker Hill, June 17, 1775.



For all the country was aroused; Each man for vengeance burned.

From houses, fences, trees and rocks

The musket bullets sped,

And near three hundred men were lost, As home the soldiers fled.

Ticonderoga and Crown Point

Americans secured,

And large supplies of stores and guns, Much needed, were procured.

A second congress met to raise

An army for the land:

George Washington was authorized To take the chief command.

Near twenty thousand fighting men Surrounded Boston soon,

And battle raged at Bunker Hill The seventeenth of June.

The British twice fled down the hill, But on the third attack, 1775.

Tune 17,1775.

The ammunition being spent,

They drove the "Yankees" back.

Dec. 31, 1775. Montgomery attacked Quebec,

But fell when first they fired;

They wounded Arnold, Morgan seized,

The rest in spring retired.

The Heights of Dorehester were armed

By colonists at night,

March 17, 1776. The English under General Howe
To Halifax made flight.

Eleven months they'd Boston held,
While troops besieged it round;
They pillaged houses, rifled shops,
Profaning "holy ground."
The English fleet to Charleston sailed,

The English fleet to Charleston sailed

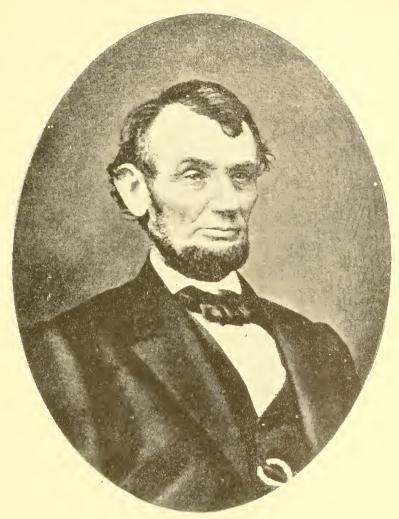
June 28, 1776. And on Fort Moultrie fired;

The Southern guns replied so well,

The shattered ships retired.

July the fourth, in seventy-six,

July 4, 1776. Was passed the Declaration



ABRAHAM LINCOLN,
Born 1809, assassinated April 14, 1865, elected President 1860, re-elected President 1864, issued Emancipation Proclamation January 1, 1863.



That made the united colonies An independent nation.

The English, with the brothers Howe, Embarked to seize New York;

They numbered thirty thousand men, All eager for the work.

The battle of Long Island brought Aug 27, 1776. The patriots sore defeat;

In fog, they made escape, while Howe Was waiting for the fleet.

The British followed to New York, And Washington was found

At Harlem Heights. They moved their troops His army to surround,

But Washington withdrew in part His forces to White Plains,

Where soon the British general Important victory gains.

Oct. 28, 1776.

The Hessians took Fort Washington,

Nov. 16,1776.

And lost a thousand men,

But gained two thousand patriots

To fill their prison pen.

The troops across New Jersey's land
With Washington made flight;
They crossed the ice-filled Delaware

In boats, on Christmas night;

Dec. 26, 1776. At Trenton killed some Hessian troops,
Secured a thousand more,

And safe re-crossed the Delaware; Their loss was only four.

Again he crossed the Delaware,
At Trenton took his post,

Jan. 3, 1777. On Princeton made a night attack;

The foe three hundred lost.

The Howes, with eighteen thousand men, Embarked for Chesapeake;

And Washington departed South, The enemy to seek.

He placed eleven thousand men In camp on Brandywine,



MRS. MARY A. LIVERMORE.



And stood at Chad's Ford to oppose The enemy's design.

The Hessians met them at the front, Cornwallis in the rear;

The patriot troops were put to flight; Sept. 11, 1777.

Their losses were severe.

Pulaski and brave La Fayette Displayed their valor well,

But British numbers won the day,

And Philadelphia fell.

Sept. 25, 1777.

Then Washington, at Germantown, Led on a bold attack,

Oct. 4, 1777.

And though almost victorious,

The patriots fell back.

The British fleet and army gained
The forts of Delaware:

To Valley Forge the patriots marched, For winter to prepare.

Burgoyne's ten thousand soldiers took June, 1777.

The forts on Lake Champlain;

Aug 16, 1777. But General Stark, at Bennington, Resolved to die or gain.

Sept. 19 & Oct. 7. Two fights at Saratoga brought

The British woeful fates;

Oct. 17, 1777. Burgoyne surrendered up his troops

And sword to General Gates.

The British, in Connecticut,

The town of Danbury burned;
Sag Harbor, burned by Colonel Meigs,
The injury returned.

The Continental soldiers strove With hunger, sickness, cold,

And forty paper dollars bought One dollar's worth in gold.

By Franklin's efforts was secured

The sympathy of France,

Who sent a fleet and soldiers out

The patriot cause to advance.

June 28, 1778. At Monmouth, General Clinton's troops

Were putting Lee to flight,



Born 1820, died February 14, 1891, graduated at West Point 1840, achieved distinction in the Civil War by his "March to the Sea" 1864, and other services.



Then Washington led back the men, And Clinton left at night.

The French and English navies met Off Narragansett Bay:

July 29, 1778.

A fight was thwarted by a storm That drove the ships away.

The massacre of Wyoming, Enacted in July,

July 3, 1778.

By tory troops and savages, Description would defy.

The British troops in Georgia took Savannah and Augusta,

Dec. 29, 1778.

And Prevost's force to Charleston marched, April 27, 1779. But, met by Lincoln's muster,

They hastily retraced their steps, Retreating to Savannah,

May 12, 1779.

And Lincoln followed in the fall, Allied with France's banner.

Attack was made; a thousand men Oct. 9, 1779. And brave Pulaski fell:

The French refused their further aid, Although they'd fought so well. Connecticut's most noted towns

By Tryon were invaded, Who, though he burned or plundered each, His clemency paraded.

Eight hundred men to Stony Point

Were led by General Wayne, July 15, 1779.

> By strategy and night attack The fortress they regain.

The atrocities of Wyoming Severely were repaid

By Sullivan, who led his troops

Upon a vengeful raid.

He burned some forty villages Among the famed Six Nations; But Indian hatred fiercer grew,

By all these tribulations.

American success was great, With ships and privateers;

July, 1779.

Aug., 1779.



CARICATURE OF THE MILITIA OF THE CIVIL WAR.



About five hundred British ships Were captured in three years.

Paul Jones went cruising with his fleet, Along the English coast,

And conquered the Serapis there, Sept. 23, 1779.

But Bon Homme Richard lost.

Then Clinton came to Charleston's siege, Which forty days it bore,

Till Lincoln had to yield his troops May 12, 1780.

As prisoners of war.

The British made marauding trips, Through Carolina's lands,

Which Marion, Sumter, Pickens, Lee, Resisted with their bands.

Then Gates marched South, the losing cause At Camden to regain;

Cornwallis put his troops to flight, Aug. 16, 1780.

And brave De Kalb was slain.

West Point was nearly yielded up By Benedict Arnold's treason,

March 15, 1781.

Sept. 23, 1780. But Major André's captors learned

The secret just in season.

Bad Arnold, by a messenger,

Was warned in time to fly.

Good André rules of war condemned,

Oct. 2, 1780. They hung him as a spy.

Nat Greene succeeded General Gates,

And Tarleton was defeated

Jan. 17, 1781. At Cowpens, by the Southern troops,
With Morgan. They retreated,

Jan. & Feb. 1781. And joined by Greene, the feeble band Virginia safely gain;

Cornwallis followed, but the streams
Were swollen by the rain.

When rested, Greene resumed the war,

At Guilford Court House fought,
Where, though the British gained the day,
The field was dearly bought.

In South Carolina Greene gave help,

Sept. 8, 1781 At Eutaw Springs gave fight,



Born 1822, died 1885, graduated at West Point 1843. General of Union forces in the Civil War, elected President 1868, re-elected President 1872.



That led the British troops to leave For Charleston in the night.

The traitor Arnold led a force To gratify his hate,

And burned and plundered brutally Jan., 1781. Within Virginia's State.

Cornwallis taking Arnold's place

Destroyed ten millions' worth;

Against his forts at Yorktown marched The forces from the North.

Who, led by Washington, encamped About twelve thousand strong,

Americans and Frenchmen joined, A brave and hearty throng.

They fired ships with red-hot shells,

And forts were battered down; Cornwallis, seeing no escape,

Surrendered up the town.

Oct. 19, 1781.

His seven thousand troops marched out, Gave up the arms they bore,

May and June,

1781.

1783.

And all the patriots gladly hailed

The closing of the war.

A year the British Charleston held,
Prepared for warlike work,
Two years their soldiers occupied
Savannah and New York.

Savannan and New York.

Lord North, by English sentiment,
His ministry resigned;

Sept. 3, 1783. In Paris, seventeen eighty-three,

The terms of peace were signed.

The struggle left America

With poverty distressed,

By Lincoln was suppressed.

The thirteen States had through the war Preserved confederation;

They met at Philadelphia now

To form themselves a nation.

In seventeen hundred eighty seven Sept. 17, 1787. They framed the Constitution,



PHILIP SHERIDAN.



1794.

1794.

- Which came in force in eighty-nine

  By general resolution.
- Electors of the United States
  In unity arose;
- George Washington for President, 1789.
  With glad acclaim they chose.
- By Alexander Hamilton
  Financial laws were made,
  With duties on imported goods
  And on the spirit trade.
- The latter made the whiskey men Against the law rebel,
- And fifteen thousand men came out The malcontents to quell.
- Two armies in the West both failed The Indians to restrain,
- Until their country was laid waste Before mad Anthony Wayne.
- Affairs of state were well controlled In Washington's eight years,

And treaties were with England made, With Spain and with Algiers.

John Adams, by the Federalists, 1797.

Was President elected;

The alien and sedition laws Ilis government effected.

America fell out with France, And many insults bore;

Napoleon gained the Consulship,

And wisely saved a war.

"The Father of his Country" died Dec. 14, 1700. In seventeen ninety-nine;

The homage of the land was paid

Around Mount Vernon's shrine.

The wise and brilliant Jefferson, iSor.

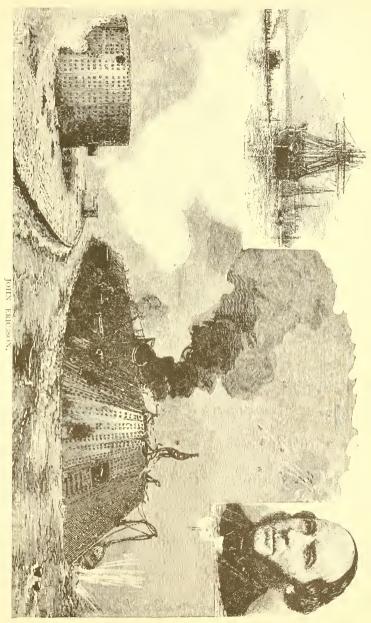
The "Sage of Monticello," Was chosen by Republicans,

John Adams' term to follow.

Then fifteen millions, paid to France,

Louisiana bought; 1803.

1800.



Born in Sweden 1803, died 1889, came to the United States 1839. He built the Monitor war-ship, which defeated the Merrimac in Hampton Roads, Chesapeake Bay, March 9, 1862.



And Hamilton with Aaron Burr

1804.

His deadly duel fought.

1802-05.

The war with Tripoli occurred

That pirate dues might cease,

Bombardment of the port secured

Desired terms of peace.

While French and English were at war, Americans carried cargo,

The Leopard took the Chesapeake,

1807.

And Congress made Embargo.

Dec. 22, 1807.

Republicans as candidate

James Madison selected.

And after Jefferson's two terms

He too was twice elected.

The British roused the Indian tribes, Who made attack by night,

At Tippecanoe, on Harrison, But suffered in the fight.

Nov. 7, 1811.

The seamen of America

By England were impressed;

Their ships were seized and all resolved

These wrongs should be redressed.

A shot against the President

May 16, 1811. Was fired by Little Belt,

But civil answer was returned,

When the frigate's guns were felt.

The War of Eighteen Hundred Twelve

June 19, 1812 With England was declared,
And armaments on land and sea,
With vigor were prepared.
The British, under General Brock,
Advanced to take Detroit.

Aug. 16, 1812. And Hull surrendered up the place,
Disgraced by this exploit.

Another failure was sustained,

Oct. 13, 1812. Attacking Queenstown Heights;

But these disgraces were retrieved

By brilliant naval fights.

Aug. 19, 1812. The Constitution, Captain Hull, Subdued the Guerriere;



Born 1801, died 1870. Rendered distinguished naval services during the Civil War, at New Orleans, Mobile, and other places.



Oct. 5, 1813.

The Wasp shot off the Frolie's crew, Oct. 18, 1812.

Until her decks were bare.

The Macedonian struck her flag Oct. 25, 1812.

To Commodore Decatur,

And Bainbridge took the Java next, Dec. 29, 1812.

And burned her three days later.

The daring Yankee privateers Excited British fear,

For quite three hundred merchant ships Were captured in a year.

The armies sent to Canada Returned without success;

But Perry's vessels, on the Lakes, Sept. 10, 1813.
Brought Stars and Stripes redress.

The Indians joined the British troops,
And fought both South and West;

Tecumseh's death, at River Thames,

Their savage zeal depressed.

The *Hornet* took the *Peacock*, brig, Feb. 24, 1813.

And sank her by her cannon;

June 1, 1813. But Lawrence, in the Chesapeake, Fell victim to the Shannon.

The British ships made ravages
Along the Southern coast,

And many of the citizens

Their homes and fortunes lost.

July 5, 1814. Scott won the fight at Chippewa,

July 25, 1814. And also Lundy's Lane;

McDonough took the British fleet,

Sept. 11, 1814. That fought on Lake Champlain.

Aug. 24, 1814. The British captured Washington,

Sept. 12, 1814. But failed at Baltimore;

They captured ships and plundered towns Along the Northern shore.

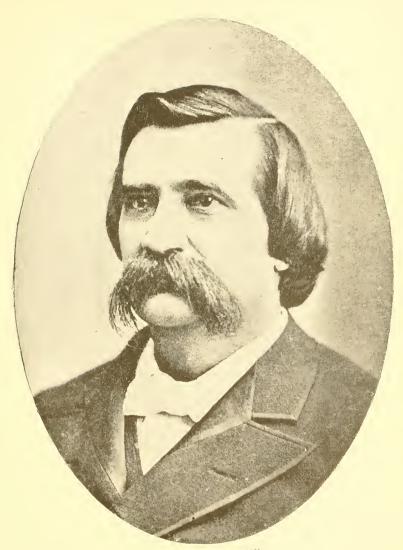
December twenty-fourth, at Ghent,

Dec. 24, 1814. A treaty settled peace;

Jan. 8, 1815. But Jackson won New Orleans' fight
Before the war could cease.

To fill the Presidential chair.

Monroe two terms was sought;



GEN, JOHN A. LOGAN. Born 1826, died 1886. Statesman and General.



Missouri Compromise was made	March 3, +800.
And Florida was bought.	1819-
John Quincy Adams next in turn	1825.
Four years secured the seat;	
Protective tariffs were enforced,	
And brought about defeat.	
Then Andrew Jackson served eight years,	1829,
And put down "Nullification;"	1832.
He let the victors share the spoils	
In office by "rotation."	
By limiting the public Bank,	1833.
All commerce was distressed;	
In Black Hawk's War, the Indians	1832.
Were conquered in the West.	
The Seminoles, in Florida,	
By Osceola led,	
For years maintained a bloody war;	
They slaughtered Major Dade.	Dec. 28, 1835.
Van Buren, by the Democrats,	1837.
Was chosen for a term;	

A crisis came in thirty-seven —

A great financial storm.

Rebellion in the Canadas

An English war fomented;

The "Northeast Boundary" fanned the flame,

But bloodshed was prevented.

The Whigs elected Harrison,

April 4, 1841. Who served a month and died;

And Tyler, the Vice-President, Was called on to preside.

He vetoed measures of the Whigs;

Rhode Island quelled sedition;
The Southern Ocean was explored

1842. By Wilkes' Expedition;

The "Anti-Renters," in New York,

By force of arms were quelled;

The Mormons, out of Illinois,
By riots were expelled.

The Democrats elected Polk,
Though Whigs supported Clay;



HARRIET BEECHER STOWE.
Author of "Uncle Tom's Cabin."



Both Oregon and Texas formed

The questions of the day.

The Northwest Boundary Line was fixed,
And Texas was annexed;

1845.

But Mexico still claimed this State,
And thus to war was yexed.

Then Taylor marched to Rio Grande,

At Palo Alto fought;

May 8, 1846.

Resaca de la Palma too,

May 9, 1846.

A brilliant victory brought.

He gained the day at Monterey,

Sept. 24, 1846.

And Buena Vista won,

Feb. 23, 1847.

Though Santa Anna bravely fought Till setting of the sun.

New Mexico was quickly gained By General Kearney then,

And California was won

By John C. Frémont's men.

Then Winfield Scott took Vera Cruz; March 29, 1847.

Through several fights he bore

Sept. 14, 1847. The Stars and Stripes to Mexico,

Feb. 2, 1848. And treaty closed the war.

Wilmot's Proviso aimed to keep

All slavery from new States;

This roused the people North and South

To violent debates.

In forty-eight a workman found

The California gold;

And thousands flocked from all the lands
Where'er the tale was told.

The Whigs now Zachary Taylor chose,

July 9, 1850. Who died the following year;

And Millard Fillmore occupied

The Presidential chair.

Domestic slavery now became

The question of the day,

And compromises were secured

By Webster and by Clay.

The "fillibusters" made attempts

For Cuba's annexation;

BATTLE OF GETTYSBURG,



1861.

Dec. 20, 1860.

But Lopez met defeat and death, And roused Spain's indignation. The Democrats now gained the day, Electing Franklin Pierce; 1853. The Kansas and Nebraska Bill May, 1854. Made slavery conflicts fierce. Ten millions, paid to Mexico, Arranged the boundary line, And Perry's visit caused Japan Trade privilege to assign. 1854 Buchanan next was President, 1857. And during his four years, Discussions upon slavery Excited general fears. Some Northern States opposed the law That fugitives returned; John Brown an insurrection made, 1850. And Southern anger burned.

When Abraham Lincoln gained his place,

Seven Southern States seceded,

Feb. 4, 1861. And organized Confederate States,

By Jefferson Davis headed.

April 12, 1861. Fort Sumter yielded; Northern blood

April 19, 1861. In Baltimore was shed;

Virginia was the battle ground

To which the troops were led.

The Northerners of trivel defeat

The Northerners sustained defeat

July 21, 1861. At the Battle of Bull Run;

At Carthage, Wilson's Creek, Ball's Bluff,
The South more victories won.

The North some minor battles gained, Gave Border States their aid,

And off the seaports of the South Their ships maintained blockade.

Commissioners, from Southern States,

Nov 8, 1861. Were seized on board the *Trent*;
When England made remonstrances,
Apologies were sent.

Fort Henry and Fort Donaldson,
With Island Number Ten,



JAMES A. GARFIELD.



Shiloh and	Murf	reesboroug	h's fights,
Were we	on by	Northern	men.

Antietam's	indecisive fight	Sept. 17, 186
M.J. I.	a'r command fall hack	

The Monitor	whipped the Merrimac,	March 19, 1862
Preventing	great defeat;	

New	Orleans	was	forced	to	yield	April 25, 1862.
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Ву	Jack	cson	and	ру	Lee;	
FTD3	T .	1 1	T	.1	4:	00.00

Then	Lincoln	s Pi	roclamatic	)II C	ame,	Jan. 1, 1003.
The	t made	the	negroes	free		

The	South	at	Chickamauga	won,	Sept. 20, 1863.
				. 1	

July 1-3, 1863. The three days' fight at Gettysburg,

Turned Lee's advance to flight.

May, 1864. The Wilderness, and other fields,
Were won by General Lee,

Nov., 1864. But Sherman made his famous march
Through Georgia to the sea,
And Northern armies gained success
Throughout the South and West,
While "on to Richmond" General Grant
With firm persistence pressed.
Through Carolina Sherman marched,

Feb. 17, 1865. Columbia was taken;

By Southerners was forsaken.

On April third, in sixty-five,

April 3, 1865. Lee out of Richmond fled,

April 9, 1865. And on the ninth surrendered up

The troops he'd bravely led.

This civil war, they estimate,

Three thousand millions cost,



MRS. LUCRETIA GARFIELD. Wife of President Garfield.



And on both sides, 'tis probable,

A million lives were lost.

A second term as President

To Lincoln was secured;

Booth killed him by a pistol shot, April 14, 1865.

When peace was just assured.

Then Andrew Johnson measures took

The Union to restore;

He freely pardoned all the South,

Except the chief in war.

But Congress, favoring sterner plans,

His vetoes set aside:

With "carpet-bag" and negro rule

The Southern States were tried.

Impeachment of the President

Failed only by one vote;

The "Freedman's Bureau," "Civil Rights,"

Were measures of great note.

Atlantic Cable then was laid;

Alaska's lands were bought;

July, 1866.

1867.

1868.

A treaty was with China made;
In Canada Fenians fought.

Two terms his valor earned;

Pacific Railroad crossed the land;

Prosperity returned.

Oct. 8, 1871. Great fires in Chicago raged,

Nov. 9, 1872. In Boston and the West;

The threatening "Alabama Claims,"

Geneva's Board redressed.

Through railroads' bad condition;

In Philadelphia was held Centennial Exhibition.

The votes securing Tilden's seat,

Conflicting questions raise;

Electoral commission finds

One extra vote for Hayes.

A railroad strike 'gainst lower pay,

r877. Produced the Pittsburg riot;



Born 1818, Governor of Massachusetts 1882. Rendered eminent service as Congressional Representative from Massachusetts, as member of Impeachment Committee of President Andrew Johnson, and as Major-general in Civil War.



1878.

July 2, 1881.

T888.

A hundred lives were sacrificed, Before restoring quiet.

Five millions and a half were paid

As fishery award;

And specie payments through the land Were finally restored.

Then Garfield was made President, 1881.

But fell by Guiteau's hand;

And Arthur filled the vacant place, Sept. 26, 1881.

As ruler of the land.

In eighty-four the People's vote, 1884.

Bade Cleveland guide the nation.

He said "whoever serves the State Must pass Examination."

And Civil Service long discussed, Was put in operation.

Ben. Harrison comes next in power,

And changes fill the air,

McKinley makes the tariff higher 1890.

Chicago wins the fair;

One starry flag unfurled.

Which is to celebrate Columbus' Discovery of San Salvador Four hundred years before. The working-man and millionaire Are seeking hard to find How both can share in harmony The toil of hand and mind. The farmers, miners in the West Ask silver coined for all. The Eastern men cry "Reciprocity We want no Chinese wall 'Gainst and Canada and South America, For trade will make us one —" And thus, Republics, Empires, Provinces Unite in one great Union. Behold amid the breaking dawn Of twentieth century's morn, O'er all the western world



GROVER CLEVELAND.

Born 1837, elected Governor of New York 1882, elected President 1884.



## SUMMARY OF COLONIES AND STATES.

The first enduring settlement,	
Where English people stayed,	
At Jamestown, in Virginia,	1607.
In sixteen seven was made.	
In sixteen thirteen, at New York,	1613.
Wrecked Dutchmen built a shanty;	
To Massachusetts Pilgrims came,	
In sixteen hundred twenty.	1620.
New Hampshire's lands were occupied	1623.
In sixteen twenty-three;	
In thirty-four, to Maryland,	1634.
Came Catholics 'cross the sea.	
From thirty-three to thirty-six	
Connecticut was won;	1633-36.
In thirty-six, by Williams' friends,	1636.
Rhode Island was begun,	
The Swedes encamped in Delaware	1638.
In sixteen thirty-eight;	
In sixty-four, Elizabethtown	
Began New Jersey's State.	1664

## 152 Illustrated Story of the Union in Rhyme.

The English navy took New York
In sixteen sixty-four;
And from this time the colony
An English title bore.
Year sixteen hundred sixty-five,

Is North Carolina's date;

In sixteen seventy began South Carolina's State.

Penn came to Pennsylvania
In sixteen eighty-two;

1665.

1670.

In seventeen hundred thirty-three

To Georgia debtors go.

These thirteen States the Union formed, And scarce three millions held;

Now forty-four compose the land, With sixty millions filled.

Now four large territories lie
Around the Western border,

And thirty-one new States have been Admitted in this order:



PRESIDENT BENJAMIN HARRISON.

Born 1833, Brigadier-general in Civil War, in 1880 Senator from Indiana, in 1888 elected

President.



Vermont, Kentucky, Tennessee,	1791. 1702.
Ohio, Louisiana —	( 1790.
The latter fairly bought from France —	
The next was Indiana.	1816.
Then Mississippi, Illinois,	1817.   1818.
With Alabama, Maine;	{ 1819. 1820.
Missouri and Arkansas next,	{1821. 1836.
And then came Michigan.	1837.
Now Florida and Texas next,	1845.
With Iowa come on;	1846.
Wisconsin, California,	1848. 1850.
Minnesota, Oregon.	1858. 1859.
Then Kansas, West Virginia;	§ 1861. ( 1863.
Nevada and Nebraska	186 <sub>4</sub> .
Precede centennial Colorado;	{ 1867. { 1876.
Soon North and South Dakota;	1888.
Montana, Washington crowd in,	\$
Then Idaho, Wyoming.	{ 1890.

## THE PRESIDENTS.

1789. 1797. 1801.	First Washington, Adams and Jefferson came;
ISog.   IS17.	Then Madison; next James Monroe;
1825.	With John Quincy Adam's notable name,
1829. 1837.	Andrew Jackson, Van Buren must go.
(1841. 1841. 1745. (18.9. 1849. 1853.	Then Harrison, Tyler and Polk took their turn With Taylor and Fillmore and Pierce;
1857. 1861.	Buchanan and Lincoln the honor next earn,
1865.	And Johnson, through murder so fierce.
1859.	Then Grant for two terms was supreme in the land;
ıS77.	And the seat was next given to Hayes;
1881	When Garfield had died by a murderous hand,
ıSSı.	Then Arthur to power they raise.
	New York then supplies a man for the nation,
1884.	And Cleveland appears at the head;
1888.	He yields to Harrison's administration,
	But who shall come in his stead?











